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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/925,336	08/09/2001	Timur Mehmet Momol	UF-258CXC1	4420
23557	7590 08/17/2004		EXAM	INER
SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION 2421 N.W. 41ST STREET			COE, SUSAN D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE A-1			1654	
GAINESVILLE, FL 32606-6669			DATE MAILED: 08/17/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/925,336	MOMOL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Susan D. Coe	1654				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl' - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Ju	uly 2004 and 29 March 2004.					
·_ ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,13 and 21 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,13 and 21 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	•				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	: 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		, ,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary ((PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on March 29, 2004 has been entered.

- 2. Claim 20 has been cancelled.
- 3. Claims 1, 13, and 21 are currently pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 21 conflicts with claim 1 because claim 1 is directed to a composition "consisting essentially of" while claim 21 states that the composition "comprises." This conflict is confusing as it is unclear what the correct scope of the claim is.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

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such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1, 13, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Momol et al. (Phytopathology (June 1999), vol. 89, no. 6, pp. S54) in view of US Pat. No. 4,868,203.

As discussed in previous the Office action, Momol teaches using thymol vapors to control Ralstonia solanacearum in tomatoes. Momol does not teach using ethyl alcohol and detergents in combination with the thymol. However, US '203 teaches that ethyl alcohol and surfactants are known carriers for antibacterial products that are applied to plants (see column 5, last paragraph). A detergent is a type of surfactant. This reference shows it was known in the art at the time of the invention to use ethyl alcohol and detergents in antibacterial compositions that are applied to plants. Based on this knowledge, a person of ordinary skill in the art would reasonably expect that ethyl alcohol and detergents can be added to thymol for use in controlling R. solanacearum in tomatoes. Therefore, because of this reasonable expectation of success, a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to use these carriers in combination with the thymol taught by Momol.

The references do not specifically teach adding the ingredients in the amounts claimed by applicant. The amount of a specific ingredient in a composition is clearly a result effective parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize. Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the optimal amount of each ingredient to add in order to best achieve the desired results. Thus, absent some

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demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of ingredient amount would have been obvious at the time of applicant's invention.

This is a new ground of rejection; however, applicant's arguments are considered and addressed in as much as they are considered to apply to this new ground of rejection. In this current response, applicant argues that the addition of ethyl alcohol to the thymol results in unexpected results because a composition containing only thymol is toxic to plants. However, applicant has not provided any data to support this assertion of unexpected results or to support the supposed toxicity of thymol (please see MPEP section 716.02 for information regarding allegation of unexpected results and using such results to overcome 103 rejections). Furthermore, Momol teaches using a composition with only thymol on greenhouse tomatoes with positive results and reports no problems with toxicity. Thus, the art does not support this assertion by the applicant. Therefore, since applicant has not provided data to support unexpected results and the art does not find a toxicity, the claims are considered obvious over Momol and US '203.

6. No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susan Coe whose telephone number is (571) 272-0963. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 8:00 to 5:30 and on alternating Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell, can be reached on (571) 272-0974. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

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Susan D. Coe, Examiner

August 9, 2004